|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline E \\ & Y \\ & F \\ & S \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Year } \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | Year | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Year } \\ 4 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Year } \\ 5 \end{gathered}$ | Year 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | National Curriculum: <br> Pupils should be taught to: <br> - use a range of materials creat products <br> - use drawing, painting and sculp their ideas, experiences and <br> - develop a wide range of art a colour, pattern | atively to design and make <br> culpture to develop and share imagination and design techniques in using | National Curriculum: <br> Pupils should be taught to: <br> - create sketch books to r <br> - improve their mastery of example, pencil, charco | cord their observations and use the art and design techniques including , paint, clay) | hem to review and revisit ideas ng drawing, painting and sculpture | with a range of materials (for |
|  |  | - Show an interest in mark making and controlling the tools. <br> - Manipulate marks on paper. <br> - Use drawing to communicate stories. | - Work with different materials <br> - Begin to think what materials best suit the task <br> - Use imagination to form simple images from givenstarting points or a description | - Work from observationand known objects <br> - Begin to collect ideas in sketch books | - Developsketch books <br> - Use a variety of ways to record ideasincluding digital cameras and iPads <br> - Develop artistic/visual vocabulary to discuss work | - Begin to suggest improvements to ownwork <br> - Experiment with a wider range of materials <br> - Present work in avariety of ways | - Select and developideas confidently, using suitable materials confidently <br> - Improve quality of sketchbook with mixed media work and annotations <br> - Select own imagesand starting points for work | - Develop artistic/visual vocabulary when talking about own work and that of others <br> - Begin to explore possibilities, using andcombining different styles and techniques |
|  |  | - Enjoy playing with and using avariety of textiles and fabrics. <br> - Decorate a piece of fabric. <br> - Experiment with simple weaving e.g. paper, twigs. <br> - Experiment in fabric collage e.g. layering fabric. | Use a variety of techniques, e.g. weaving, finger knitting, fabric crayons, sewing and binca. <br> Weave with wool <br> How to thread a needle, cut, glue and trim material. <br> Create images from imagination, experience or observation. <br> Use a wide variety of media, including photocopied material, fabric, plastic, tissue, magazines, crepe paper, etc. | - Use a variety of techniques, including weaving, French knitting, tie dye, fabric crayons and wax or oil resist, appliqué and embroidery. <br> - Create textured collages from a variety of media. <br> - Make a simple mosaic. <br> - Stitch, knot and use other manipulative skills. | - Use a variety of techniques, including printing, dying, quilting, weaving, embroidery, paper and plastic trappings and appliqué. <br> - Name the tools and materials they have used. <br> - Develop skills in stitching. Cutting and joining. <br> - Experiment with a range of media e.g. overlapping, layering etc. | Match the tool to the material. Combine skills more readily. Choose collage or textiles as a means of extending work already achieved. <br> Refine and alter ideas and explain choices using an art vocabulary. <br> Collect visual information from a variety of sources, describing with vocabulary based on the visual and tactile elements. Experiments with paste resist. | - Join fabrics in different ways, including stitching. <br> - Use different grades and uses of threads and needles. <br> - Extend their work within a specified technique. <br> - Use a range of media to create collage. <br> - Experiment with using batik safely. | - Awareness of the potential of the uses of material. <br> - Use different techniques, colours and textures etc when designing and making pieces of work. <br> - To be expressive and analytical to adapt, extend and justify their work. |




|  | \|t looks like... <br> It is...and.. <br> It is a (adjective)/(noun) I found...hard/easy because... I like/dislike... because... I feel that...next time... I could... | I feel...because... <br> This is a ...........three <br> adjectives)...(noun) <br> \| think my...is... <br> It is interesting because... | It appears to <br> be...because... <br> It seems to be...as... <br> I think it looks like...due <br> to... <br> It reminds me <br> of...because/ therefore/ meanwhile... <br> Maybe you could try... <br> ...was successful/ <br> ambitious because... <br> You could improve this work by... | \|It seems to be like...because... Why? How? What? Tell me about... Next time 1/you could... | My view is that...because... This is supported by the fact that... In my opinion.... furthermore... Possible improvements may include. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Develop and introduce metaphors } \\ & \text { and similes } \\ & \text { Furthermore... however... } \\ & \text { Or alternatively... } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


|  |  | National Curriculum. <br> Pupils should be taught: <br> - about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and makinglinks to their own work |  |  | National Curriculum. <br> Pupils should be taught: <br> - about great artists, architects and designers in history |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | - Evaluates and edits own work throughout. <br> - Explains the processes they went through whilst making and choices they made. <br> - Share their creations, explaining the process they have used. <br> - Talk about their favourite and least favourite part. | - Record and explore ideas from first hand from first hand and imagination. <br> - Ask and answer questions about the starting points for their work, and develop their ideas. <br> - Explore the differences and similarities within the work of artists, craftspeople and designers in different Compare two pieces in the same form from the same time period same time period. | - Ask and answer questions about the starting points for their work and the processes they have used. Develop their ideas. <br> - Explore the differences and similarities within the work of artists, craftspeople and designers in different times and cultures. <br> - Compare two pieces in different forms e.g. painting and sculpture from the same time period. <br> For instance: <br> Autumn 1: Lesson 2 - To <br> develop the understanding <br> of artists Monet and Lowry. | - Select and first from observation, experience and imagination, and explore ideas for different purposes. <br> - Question and make thoughtul observations about starting points and select ideas to use in their <br> - Explore the roles and purposes of artists, craftspeople and designers working in and cutt times <br> - Compare three pieces in different forms from the from the same time period. | - Explore the roles and purposes of artists, craftspeople and designers working in different times and cultures. <br> - Compare three or more pieces in different forms from two different time periods | - Question and make thoughtful observations about starting points and select ideas and processes to use in their work. <br> - Explore the roles and purposes of artists, craftspeople and designers working in different times and cultures. <br> - Compare three or more pieces in different forms and from different time periods. | - Explore the roles and craftspeoople and designers working in different times and cultures. <br> - Choose and compare a range of forms from different time periods. |
|  |  | - See Language Development for differentiation between Y1 and Y2 <br> - Review what they and others have done and what they think and feel about it. E.g. an annotated sketchbook <br> - Identify what they might change in their current work or develop in their future work. |  |  | - See Language Development for differentiation between $\mathrm{Y} 3, \mathrm{Y} 4, \mathrm{Y} 5$ and Y 6 <br> - Compare ideas, methods and approaches in their own and in others work and say what they think and feel about them. <br> - Adapt their work according to their views and describe how they might develop it further. <br> - Annotate work in sketchbook. |  |  |  |


| Area of Study (2022-23) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Autumn |  | Spring |  | Summer |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Year } \\ 1 / 2 \end{gathered}$ | Not Taught | Drawing Focus: Imagination Product: Landscape Collage <br> Step 1: Observational drawings of the woodland area. <br> Step 2: Exploring drawing with oil pastels. <br> Step 3: Link to Artist Georges Braque (famous for collage) <br> Step 4: Exploring shades of colour. <br> Step 5: Design and Make Final Outcome | Not Taught | Drawing Focus: Portraits <br> Product: Printing <br> Step 1: Observational drawings of facial features e.g nose, eyes, mouth ect <br> Step 2: Exploring drawing with pen and ink. <br> Step 3: Link to Artist Leonardo Da Vinci (famous for portraits) <br> Step 4: Exploring tone of colour. <br> Step 5: Design and Make Final Outcome | Drawing Focus: Still Life Product: Animal Sculpture <br> Step 1: Observational drawings of animals. <br> Step 2: Exploring drawing with different grades of pencil. <br> Step 3: Link to Artist Antoine-Louis Barye (famous for sculpture) <br> Step 4: Exploring colour and texture. <br> Step 5: Design and Make Final Outcome | Not Taught |
| Year 3 | Drawing focus Imagination Printing <br> Cave paintings, animal and animal prints <br> Outcome <br> Block printing on material <br> Step 1 - Observational drawings of different animal design prints <br> Step 2 - Pen and ink/combining animal patterns <br> Step 3 - Art in nature Towie Stone. <br> Step 4 -Print design on tile. Using black ink and different coloured backgrounds and materials. <br> Step 5 - Create a porotype design for Ug's shorts | Not Taught | Drawing focus Still life <br> Sculpture <br> Outcome: 3D flower sculpture using <br> clay <br> Step 1: Observational drawings of <br> leaves and flowers. Still life. Shape <br> and form <br> Step 2: Observational drawings of <br> leaves and flowers from photos. <br> Botanical illustrations. Shape and <br> form. <br> Step 3: Discuss art work of <br> Henri Rousseau <br> Ambrocious Bossch <br> Guiseppe Arcimboldo <br> Gustav Klimt <br> contemporary artist Paul Cummins <br> Initial responses likes dislikes. What <br> medium has been used? Using view <br> finder find an interesting image from <br> a piece from the artist. Use pencil, <br> pen, crayon. <br> Annotate work <br> Step 4: <br> Exploring colour tones light to dark <br> using watercolour. Observing the | Not Taught | Not Taught | Drawing focus Imagination Outcome: Collage using mixed media <br> Step 1: Observational drawings of stills from video recreation of Mount Vesuvius eruption. <br> Step 2 : Observational drawings of illustrations of Mount Vesuvius in escape to Pompeii. <br> Step 3 : Margaret Godfry. Identify the techniques used by different artists. Margaret Godfry using layering. <br> Step 4: Exploring colour and texture using layering of tissue paper, acrylic paint <br> Step 5 : Design a make a volcanic scene |


|  |  |  | different ones of one colour within a flower. Recreating using watercolour. <br> Step 5: <br> Design and make clay flower |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year 4 | Drawing focus: Anglo-Saxon: <br> Bayeux Tapestry <br> Outcome: Whole-class collage <br> Bayeux Tapestry Collage/Textile <br> Step 1: observational drawing of Anglo-Saxon solider <br> Step 2: Developing -different grades of pencil <br> Step 3: Links to art - Bayeux <br> Tapestry - inform chn they will all contribute to one large class Bayeux tapestry -chn collect images and add to sketchbook <br> Step 4: Colour - initial ideas sketches, using appropriate colours to suit historical context <br> Step 5: Planning and starting final outcome <br> Step 6: Completing final product assembly of all parts onto one large piece of paper | Not Taught | Drawing focus: Life drawing Outcome: model clay sea creature in the Blue Abyss Sculpture <br> Step 1: observational drawing of ocean creatures <br> Step 2: Developing - pen \& ink <br> Step 3: Colour - finding complementary colours (water colour background) <br> Step 4: Links to art -- chn collect images and recreate in pen \& ink <br> Step 5: Planning and starting final outcome - water colour sea scape | Not Taught | Outcome: Digestive System T-Shirt <br> Design <br> Printing <br> Step 1: Apply research skills in order to design a $\dagger$-shirt. <br> Step 2: Apply understanding of the digestive system in order to create a t-shirt. <br> Step 3: Develop the skill of peerassessment in order to evaluate our designs <br> Step 4: Use equipment and materials to CREATE Digestive System TShirt. <br> Step 5:Plan and start final outcomeStep 6: Develop presentation skills in order to evaluate product | Not Taught |
| Year 5 | Outcome/Final Product - Roman soldier <br> Collage <br> Join fabrics in different ways, including stitching. <br> Use different grades and uses of threads and needles. <br> Extend their work within a specified technique. <br> Use a range of media to create collage. <br> Experiment with using batik safely. <br> Step 1: Observational half/half pencil sketch of a Roman soilder. <br> Step 2: Observational Drawing of a Roman Solider- focus on key features and smaller elements of the solider. (pen/ink) <br> Step 3: Artist Focus: Kurt Schwitters Effective collage. <br> Step 4: Design of collage based on a roman solider. <br> Step 5: Creating of Roman Solider collage. | Not Taught | Outcome/Final Product - Deadly Beast Images based on Charles Darwin's images. <br> Printing <br> Explain a few techniques, including the use of poly-blocks, relief, mono and resist printing. <br> Choose the printing method appropriate to task. <br> Build up layers and colours/textures. <br> Organise their work in terms of pattern, repetition, symmetry or random printing styles. <br> Choose inks and overlay colours <br> Step 1: Observational Drawings-Charles Darwin deadly beast pictures. <br> Step 2: Exploring other forms of drawingCharles Darwin deadly beast pictures, using an alternative medium. <br> Step 3: Artist- Charles Darwin artist focus, comparison of drawings. <br> Step 4: Creating the printing block. (adding detail) | Outcome/Final Product - Communal River Display <br> Painting <br> Demonstrate a secure knowledge about primary and secondary, warm and cold, complementary and contrasting colours. <br> Work on preliminary studies to test media and materials. <br> Create imaginative work from a variety of sources. <br> Step 1: Observational detailed river drawing. <br> Step 2: Watercolour wheel- Creating different colours and developing technique. <br> Step 3: Claude Monet (Artist Study looking at key techniques) <br> Step 4: Creating water colour painting <br> Step 5: Completion and evaluation of work, peer assessment. | Not Taught | Not Taught |



## KS1 Art End Points (NC):

- Can use a range of materials creatively to design and make products
- Can use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination.
- Is able to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space
- Knows about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers. Is able to describe the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and is able to make links to their own work.


## KS2 Art Curriculum End Points (NC):

- Has learnt to develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design.
- Is able to record observations and use them to review and revisit ideas through the use of sketchbooks.
- Demonstrates improved mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials (for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay).
- Demonstrates knowledge of great artists, architects and designers in history.

| End of Year End Points |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
|  | *I show how people feel in paintings and drawings. <br> *I create moods in artwork. <br> *I use pencils to create lines of different thickness in drawings. <br> *I name the primary and secondary colours. <br> *I create a repeating pattern in print. <br> *I cut, roll and coil materials. <br> *I use IT to create a picture. <br> *I describe what I can see and give an opinion about the work of an artist. <br> *I ask questions about a piece of art. | *I choose and use three different grades of pencil when drawing. <br> *I use charcoal, pencil and pastel to create art. <br> *I use a viewfinder to focus on a specific part of an artefact before drawing it. <br> *I mix paint to create all the secondary colours. <br> *I create brown with paint. <br> *I create tints with paint by adding white. <br> *I create tones with paint by adding black. <br> *I create a printed piece of art by pressing, <br> rolling, rubbing and stamping. <br> *I make a sculpture out of clay. <br> *I use different effects within an IT paint package. <br> *I suggest how artists have used colour, pattern and shape. <br> *I create a piece of art in response to the work of another artist. | *I show facial expressions in my art. <br> *I use sketches to produce a final piece of art. <br> *I use different grades of pencil to shade and <br> to show different tones and textures. <br> *I create a background using a wash. <br> *I use a range of brushes to create different effects in painting. <br> *I identify the techniques used by different artists. <br> *I use digital images and combine with other media in my art. <br> *I use IT to create art which includes my own work and that of others. <br> *I compare the work of different artists. <br> *I recognise when art is from different cultures. <br> *I recognise when art is from different historical periods. | *I show facial expressions and body language in sketches and paintings. <br> *I use marks and lines to show texture in my art. <br> *I use line, tone, shape and colour to represent figures and forms in movement. <br> *I show reflections in my art. <br> *I print onto different materials using at least four colours. <br> *I sculpt clay and other mouldable materials. <br> *I integrate my digital images into my art. <br> *I experiment with the styles used by other artists. <br> *I explain some of the features of art from historical periods. | *I identify and draw objects and use marks and lines, to produce texture. <br> *I successfully use shading to create mood and feeling. <br> *I organise line, tone, shape and colour to represent figures and forms in movement. <br> *I use shading to create mood and feeling. <br> *I express emotion in my art. <br> *I create an accurate print design following criteria. <br> *I use images which I have created, scanned and found; altering them where necessary to create art. <br> *I research the work of an artist and use their work to replicate a style. | *I explain why I have used different tools to create art. <br> *I explain why I have chosen specific techniques to create my art. <br> *I explain the style of my work and how it has been influenced by a famous artist. <br> *I overprint to create different patterns. *I use feedback to make amendments and improvement to my art. <br> * I use a range of e-resources to create art. |

